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DONALD S. FEUER  
10 VIA TUNAS  
SAN CLEMENTE CA 92673

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**AUG 1 2 2005**

**OFFICE OF PETITIONS**

In re Application of  
Feuer  
Application No. 09/479,736  
Filed: 7 January, 2000  
Attorney Docket No. CDN1-BH43

ON PETITION

This is a decision on the petition filed on 1 April, 2005, to revive the above-identified application under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) as having been abandoned due to unavoidable delay.

**NOTE:** **At this writing, there is no indication that Petitioner herein was ever empowered to prosecute the instant application. If Petitioner desires to receive future correspondence regarding this application, the appropriate power of attorney documentation must be submitted. A courtesy copy of this decision will be mailed to Petitioner. However, all future correspondence will be directed to the address of record until such time as appropriate instructions are received to the contrary.**

For the reasons set forth below, the petition under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) is **DISMISSED**.

**BACKGROUND**

The record reflects that:

- Petitioner failed to reply timely and properly to the final Office action mailed on 12 February, 2003, with a reply due (absent a request and fee for extension of time) on or before 12 May, 2003;
- as a result, the application was deemed abandoned after midnight 12 May, 2003;
- the Office mailed Notice of Abandonment on 4 December, 2003;
- the instant petition (accompanied by a request for continued examination, fee and amendment as the submission under 37 C.F.R. §1.114 as the reply) and accompanying declaration recite Petitioner's extreme and extended illness commencing clearly before abandonment, however, the dates involved do not address the extended abandonment through 2004 and into 2005, and Petitioner is reminded that this time period also must be addressed.

**NOTE:**      **Petitioner also is reminded that patent application files, should they proceed to issue, become public record, and Petitioner may wish to redact private health information, financial accounts information and the like before submission and may wish to substitute such redacted materials for documents already submitted and otherwise seek expungement of such private data from Petitioner's application(s).**

#### STATUTES, REGULATIONS AND ANALYSIS

Congress has authorized the Commissioner to "revive an application if the delay is shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner to have been "unavoidable." 35 U.S.C. §133 (1994).<sup>1</sup>

The regulations at 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) and (b) set forth the requirements for a petitioner to revive a previously unavoidably or unintentionally, respectively, abandoned application under this congressional grant of authority.

The language of 35 U.S.C. §133 and 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) is clear, unambiguous, and without qualification: the delay in tendering the reply to the outstanding Office action, as well as filing the first petition seeking revival, must have been unavoidable for the reply now to be accepted on

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<sup>1</sup> 35 U.S.C. §133 provides:

**35 U.S.C. §133 Time for prosecuting application.**

Upon failure of the applicant to prosecute the application within six months after any action therein, of which notice has been given or mailed to the applicant, or within such shorter time, not less than thirty days, as fixed by the Commissioner in such action, the application shall be regarded as abandoned by the parties thereto, unless it be shown to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that such delay was unavoidable.

petition.<sup>2</sup> Delays in responding properly raise the question whether delays are unavoidable.<sup>3</sup> Where there is a question whether the delay was unavoidable, Petitioners must meet the burden of establishing that the delay was unavoidable within the meaning of 35 U.S.C. §133 and 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a).<sup>4</sup>

And the Petitioner must be diligent in attending to the matter.<sup>5</sup> Failure to do so does not constitute the care required under Pratt, and so cannot satisfy the test for diligence and due care.

(By contrast, unintentional delays are those that do not satisfy the very strict statutory and regulatory requirements of unavoidable delay, and also, by definition, are not intentional.<sup>6</sup>))

Petitioner has failed to: make a showing of unavoidable delay.

Accordingly, in view of the record, the petition as considered under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(a) hereby is **dismissed** for failing to satisfy the "showing" requirement for the entire period in question.

#### ALTERNATIVE VENUE

If Petitioner is unable to make a showing of unavoidable delay, Petitioner's only alternative to irretrievable abandonment is to file a petition under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b) (state therein that "the entire delay in filing the required reply from the due date for the reply until the filing of a grantable petition pursuant to 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b) was unintentional").

Thus, Petitioner may wish to supplement the petition to plead alternatively under 37 C.F.R. §1.137(b) wherein the "showing" burden is much less onerous.

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<sup>2</sup> Therefore, by example, an unavoidable delay in the payment of the Filing Fee might occur if a reply is shipped by the US Postal Service, but due to catastrophic accident, the delivery is not made.

<sup>3</sup> See: *Changes to Patent Practice and Procedure; Final Rule Notice*, 62 Fed. Reg. at 53158-59 (October 10, 1997), 1203 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office at 86-87 (October 21, 1997).

<sup>4</sup> See: *In re Application of G*, 11 USPQ2d 1378, 1380 (Comm'r Pats. 1989).

<sup>5</sup> See: *Diligence in Filing Petitions to Revive and Petitions to Withdraw the Holding of Abandonment*, 1124 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office 33 (March 19, 1991). It was and is Petitioner's burden to exercise diligence in seeking either to have the holding of abandonment withdrawn or the application revived. See 1124 Off. Gaz. Pat. Office supra.

<sup>6</sup> Therefore, by example, an unintentional delay in the reply might occur if the reply and transmittal form are to be prepared and/or deposited for shipment by the US Postal Service, but other pressing matters distract one's attention and the mail is not timely prepared and/or deposited for shipment.

Further correspondence with respect to this matter should be addressed as follows:<sup>7</sup>

By mail: Commissioner for Patents<sup>8</sup>  
P.O. Box 1450  
Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

By FAX: IFW Formal Filings  
(571) 273-8300  
ATTN.: Office of Petitions

By hand: Mail Stop: Petition  
Customer Service Window  
Randolph Building  
401 Dulany Street  
Alexandria, VA 22314

Telephone inquiries concerning this decision may be directed to the undersigned at (571) 272-3214.



John J. Gillon, Jr.  
Senior Attorney  
Office of Petitions

cc:  
HOVEY WILLIAMS LLP  
2405 GRAND BOULEVARD/STE. 400  
KANSAS CITY, MO 64108

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<sup>7</sup> On July 15, 2005, the Central Facsimile (FAX) Number will change from (703) 872-9306 to (571) 273-8300. Faxes sent to the old number will be routed to the new number until September 15, 2005. After September 15, 2005, the old number will no longer be in service and (571) 273-8300 will be the only facsimile number recognized for centralized delivery. (For further information, see: <http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/pac/dapp/opla/preognotice/cfax062005.pdf>.)

<sup>8</sup> To determine the appropriate addresses for other subject-specific correspondence, refer to the USPTO Web site at [www.uspto.gov](http://www.uspto.gov).